GLOBAL STATUS OF CCS



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THE GLOBAL CCS INSTITUTE

Accelerating the deployment of CCS for a net-zero emissions future.

WHO WE ARE

International CCS think tank with offices around the world.

Over 200 members from national and sub-national governments, global corporations, private companies, research bodies and NGOs, all committed to a net-zero future.

Team of experts across the entire CCS value chain

WHAT WE DO

Fact-based influential advocacy, catalytic thought leadership, authoritative knowledge sharing.





WHY: CCS IS ESSENTIAL TO REACH NET ZERO



Achieving deep decarbonisation in hard-to-abate industry.

Enabling the production of low-carbon hydrogen at scale.

Providing low carbon dispatchable power.



Delivering negative emissions.



CCS: SCALING UP THROUGH 2030

- **POLICY**: Growth has been driven by strong policy and financial incentives, particularly in North America and Europe:
- **PROJECTS**: strong pipeline growth over the last 6 years: compound rate of **35% pa** since 2017.
- **FACILITIES: 564** in total (March 2024)
- **DIVERSITY** of CCS applications; development of networks \rightarrow new industry category of "CO₂ transport" and storage" facilities.

But ... global climate targets will need CO₂ storage of approx. 1 Gtpa (2030) and multiple Gtpa (2050)

 \rightarrow permitting, infrastructure, business case, public engagement and project management critical.



PROJECTS PIPELINE: UNPRECEDENTED LEVELS



Source: GCCSI CO2RE Database CCS Facilities through March 2024

Carbon Capture (Mtpa)

564 commercial CCS facilities in total, with a capacity to capture \approx 421 Mtpa

- ➤ 43 are in operation, with a capacity to capture ≈50 Mtpa
- > 33 in construction
- 488 in advanced or early development

+186 facilities (in advanced or early development) in the pipeline since January 2024



PROJECTS GROWTH REQUIREMENTS

Global emissions = 40 Gtpa 2024 capture capacity = 50 Mtpa

Estimated CCS need: approx. 14% = 5,600 Mtpa

2024





PROJECTS: WHERE?



This map does not include the following:Pilot and Demonstration Facilities

- Announced Facilities
- · Facilities where precise location is yet to be confirmed

Source: GCCSI CO2RE Database CCS Facilities through March 2024.



PROJECTS: DIVERSITY

Biomass to Power & Heat					••••	© • • •	
Cement					••••		•
Chemical			•		;;	•••	00
CO ₂ Transport/Storage				•	00		•
Direct Air Capture					•••U	•	
Ethanol		••	•			*	
H ₂ /NH ₃ /Fertiliser	• •	:	•	•			•
Fe & Steel Production			•			•	
Natural Gas Processing	• • •	• • •	• •	• .	••••		
Oil Refining				•	•••	••	
Power Generation & Heat		•					•
	1972	2010	2015	2020	2021-2025	2026-2030	2031-2035
			Actual or	expected	d future year of opera	ational commencement	

Source: Global CCS Institute (2023)





WHAT WE DO

Annual Global Status of CCS Report

Convenings

- COP, climate negotiations, Carbon Management Challenge
- Regional/Country Meetings
- Regular Multi-Government Working Groups
- Member Meetings/Annual Forums

Insights, Perspectives, Thought Leadership

Official submissions to governments' requests for information/comment

Policy tracking and analysis

Webinars

Newsletters

Factsheets and Educational Materials







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GLOBAL ENGAGEMENT

European Multi-Gov Working Group on CCS



Purpose:	 Support government stakeholders in examining issues surrounding development and implementation of law and regulation for CCS in Europe Share experiences around policy, legal and regulatory issues, address emerging questions, build a network
Format:	 Virtual and in-person small group discussions (10-30 people)
Early wins:	 Shared knowledge from countries rich with CCS experience (CCfDs, storage licensing and permitting processes, transboundary movement of CO₂, etc.)
Frequency:	 3-4 times per year



- Accelerate investment in CCS as an essential component of the region's broader climate change mitigation efforts

South East Asia CCS **Accelerator (SEACA)**

- SEACA Pillars: CCS Regulation, Enabling Policy,
- Geological Storage Resource Development

• Large gatherings (80-100 participants)

• Direct government impact/influence; Identification of policy and knowledge gaps; New support from government ministers

• 3 meetings in two years; 4th possible



THANK YOU

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